

山东轻工职业学院 2018 年单独招生英语模拟题 2

一. 词汇释义配对 (每题 2 分, 共 30 分)

- | | |
|-------------------|--------|
| 1. person | a. 长大 |
| 2. smart | b. 放弃 |
| 3. forget | c. 南部 |
| 4. laugh | d. 聪明的 |
| 5. Europe | e. 醒来 |
| 6. miss | f. 忘记 |
| 7. date | g. 想念 |
| 8. south | h. 人 |
| 9. pet | i. 笑 |
| 10. example | j. 去度假 |
| 11. grow up | k. 欧洲 |
| 12. come from | l. 日期 |
| 13. give up | m. 来自 |
| 14. go on holiday | n. 宠物 |
| 15. wake up | o. 例子 |

答案: 1-5 h d f i k 6-10 g l c n o 11-15 a m b j e

二、单项选择 (每题 2 分, 共 30 分)

1. It makes him _____.

- A. feel angry B. to feel angry

答案: A

解析: make sb do sth 后跟不带 to 动词原形。

2. Xi'an is very famous _____ Terra Cotta Warriors.

- A. of B. for

答案: B

解析: 本题考查介词。be famous for 因.....而闻名。句意: 西安因兵马俑而闻名。

3. I've never _____ him before.

- A. heard of B. hear of

答案：A

解析：此题考查完成时的构成 have+done。

4. They were very proud _____ their daughter.

- A. of B. with

答案：A

解析：be proud of 表示为某人感到骄傲，是固定搭配。

5. How long has Jim _____ at this school?

- A. arrived B. studied

答案：B

解析：句中的 How long 决定了此处填延续性动词，study 是可延续性的。

6. The little girl is afraid of _____ out at night.

- A. going B. went

答案：A

解析：of 介词后面要跟动名词。

7. As soon as he _____, he will write to me.

- A. arrives at B. arrives

答案：B

解析：arrive 可以只说明到达，而没有指明地点，此时 arrive 后面不用加介词。当指明地点时 arrive 后加介词 at（小地点）或 in（大地点）。

8. The teacher is _____ with what we did.

- A. pleased B. pleasure

答案：A

解析：be pleased with 对.....满意的。

9. _____ will he be back? In a week.

- A. How soon B. How often

答案：A

解析: how soon 多久, 多快, 常跟一般将来时搭配; how often 多久一次, 提问频率。

10. I have to do my homework for _____ every day.

- A. one and a half hour B. one and a half hours

答案: B

解析: 考一个半小时的英文表达, 它有两种表达法: one and a half hours / an hour and a half。

11. Who draw _____ Jack?

- A. as well as B. as good as

答案: A

解析: 修饰动词 draw 要用副词 well. as/so...as...之间应用原级。

12 We have known each other _____ we were young.

- A. for B. since

答案: B

解析: for+持续的一段时间, since+表示过去的时间点。

13. We find the book very _____.

- A. interesting B. interested

答案: A

解析: 本句应用形容词作宾语 book 的补足语; interesting 修饰物, 而 interested 修饰人。

14. Lucy, please don't play with fire. _____.

- A. How can you say like that? B. Sorry, I won't do it again.

答案: B.

解析: 根据上文, 露西请不要玩火。可知选 B, 最符合语境。

15. They _____ Hong Kong twice.

- A. have gone to B. have been to

答案: B.

解析: have gone to “去了某地” 而 have been to “去过某地”。

三、阅读理解 (每题 2.5 分, 共 25 分)

(一)

Most people who work in the office have a boss (老板). So do I (我也是). But my boss is a little unusual. What's unusual about him? It's a big dog. Many men have dogs, but few men bring their dogs to the office every day. My boss' dog, Robinson, is big and brown. My boss brings him to work every day. He takes the dog to meetings and he takes the dog to lunch. When there is telephone call for my boss, I always know if he is in the office. I only look under his desk. If I see something brown and hairy (毛茸茸的) under it, I know my boss is somewhere in the office. If there is no dog, I know my boss is out.

1. People _____ bring dogs to the office.
A. seldom (几乎不) B. sometimes
2. My boss is Robinson's _____.
A. boss B. master
3. Robinson goes to meetings _____ my boss.
A. instead of (代替) B. with
4. Robinson is always under the desk if the boss is _____.
A. in the office B. at meetings
5. The passage tells us the boss _____ the dog very much.
A. likes B. hates (恨)

参考答案: 1. A 2. B 3. B 4. A 5. A

解析:

1. 由日常生活的常识可知, 很少有人带狗上班。
2. 通读全文, 我的 BOSS 是个人, 也就是说狗的主人。
3. with 有“跟某人一起”的意思, 例如: I go to see a film with my parents.
4. A 由文章的倒数第二句可知。
5. 通过整篇文章的阅读, 可以判断除了 A 外, 其他的选项都不符合

原文的意思.

(二)

Bognor Regis is a small beautiful town in the UK. From March 12 to 17 of each year, lots of clowns (小丑) get together in the town to celebrate the International Clown Festival. The first one was in 1987.

During the festival, people can see all kinds of clowns. They are together for the clown shows. They have big feet, red noses and look really funny. They sing and dance in a strange way to make people happy. Children like this interesting festival best. Now women can take part in the clown shows and they're very popular. But in the past, only men could be clowns.

6. The International Clown Festival finishes on _____ every year.
A. March 12 B. March 17
7. The first International Clown Festival was in _____.
A. 1978 B. 1987
8. _____ like the festival best.
A. Children B. Old people
9. What can we learn about the festival?
A. Clowns wear blue noses.
B. In the past, only men could be clowns.
10. What is the best title of the passage?
A. Bognor Regis' clown festival.
B. A beautiful town, Bognor Regis.

参考答案: 6. B 7. B 8. A 9. B 10. A

【解析】

6. 细节理解题。题干意为：国际小丑节每年在什么时候结束？根据文章的描述“From March 12 to 17 of each year, lots of clowns (小丑) get together in the town to celebrate the International Clown Festival.”，可知选择 B。

7. 细节理解题。题干意为：第一届国际小丑节是在哪年开始的？根据文章的描述“The first one was in 1987.”可知选择 B。

8. 细节理解题。题干意为：谁最喜欢这个节目？根据文章的描述“Children like this interesting festival best.”，可知选择 A。

9. 细节理解题。题干意为：从这篇文章我们学到了什么？ A. Clowns wear blue noses. 小丑们带着蓝色的鼻子。根据文章的描述“They have big feet, red noses and look really funny.”可知是错误的。文章最后一句话 But in the past, only men could be clowns.可知 B 是正确的。

10. 推理判断题。题干意为：文章的最好的题目是什么？通过读全文，可知主要描述的是小丑节这个节日。故选 A。

四、书面表达（满分 15 分）

假如你是林涛，去年夏天去北京度假，参观过许多地方。以 My vacation 为题目，写一篇 80 词左右的短文。内容包括：

1. 旅游景点(the Great Wall, the Palace Museum, Tian'an men Square, Beijing hutong).

2. 天气、活动。

3. 观点等。

参考答案：

Last summer, I went to Beijing on vacation with my father. The weather was sunny and hot. First we visited the Great Wall. There were a lot of people on the Great Wall. It is really the longest wall in the world. The next day, we visited the Palace Museum and Tian'anmen Square. We took many photos there. We also visited some other interesting places in Beijing. We visited Beijing hutong, too. We had a great time there. I hope to go there again.

评分标准：

一档：（13—15）：

1. 所写内容符合提示的文字信息，层次清楚，有创意；
2. 句子结构灵活、正确通顺，或只有个别小错；字数合乎要求；
3. 单词拼写错误不超过 3 个。

二档：（9—12）：

1. 所写内容与所提示的语言信息相符，层次较清楚；
2. 句子正确，表达较通顺；字数合乎要求；
3. 表达错误较少，单词拼写错误不超过 5 个。

三档：（5—8）：

1. 所写内容与提示的信息基本相符；
2. 少数句子表达错误，但尚可读懂；
3. 单词拼写错误不超过 7 个。

四档：（0—4）：

所写内容与所提示的信息多数不符。